

**Name:**

**MATH 520 Linear Algebra**  
**Fall 2002-2003**  
**Final Examination**  
**8.1.2003**

There are 10 questions with equal weight, and the weights add up to 40. Prove or disprove means: either you choose to give a proof or you give a counterexample. Please answer the questions in the space provided.

1. Let  $U$  be the subspace of  $\mathbf{R}^5$  defined by

$$U = \{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5) \in \mathbf{R}^5 : x_1 = 3x_2 \text{ and } x_3 = 7x_4\}.$$

Find a basis of  $U$ .

**2.** Prove or disprove:

There exists a basis  $(p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3)$  of  $\mathcal{P}_3(\mathbf{F})$  such that none of the polynomials  $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3$  has degree 2.

**3.** Give an example of a function  $f : \mathbf{R}^2 \mapsto \mathbf{R}$  such that

$$f(av) = af(v)$$

for all  $a \in \mathbf{R}$  and all  $v \in \mathbf{R}^2$  but  $f$  is linear.

4.  $T$  is a linear map from  $\mathbf{F}^4$  to  $\mathbf{F}^2$  such that

$$\text{null } T = \{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in \mathbf{F}^4 : x_1 = 5x_2 \text{ and } x_3 = 7x_4\}.$$

Prove or disprove:

$T$  is surjective.

5. Suppose that  $S, T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  are such that  $ST = TS$ . Prove or disprove  
null  $(T - \lambda I)$  is invariant under  $S$  for every  $\lambda \in \mathbf{F}$ .

**6.** Suppose that  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  is invertible and  $\lambda \in \mathbf{F} \setminus \{0\}$ . Prove or disprove

$\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of  $T$  if and only if  $\frac{1}{\lambda}$  is an eigenvalue of  $T^{-1}$ .

7. Prove or disprove:

There is an inner product on  $\mathbf{R}^2$  such that the associated norm is given by

$$\|(x_1, x_2)\| = |x_1| + |x_2|$$

for all  $(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbf{R}^2$ .

8. Suppose that  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  and  $U$  is a subspace of  $V$ . Prove or disprove  $U$  is invariant under  $T$  if and only if  $P_U T P_U = T P_U$ .



9. Prove or disprove:

If  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  is normal, then

$$\text{range } T = \text{range } T^*.$$

**10.** Does there exist a self-adjoint operator  $T \in \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{R}^3)$  such that  $T(1, 2, 3) = (0, 0, 0)$  and  $T(2, 5, 7) = (2, 5, 7)$ ?